

Exercise 7

Find dy/dx by implicit differentiation.

$$x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^3 = 5$$

Solution

Differentiate both sides with respect to x .

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx}(5) &= \frac{d}{dx}(x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^3) \\ 0 &= \frac{d}{dx}(x^4) + \frac{d}{dx}(x^2y^2) + \frac{d}{dx}(y^3) \\ &= (4x^3) + \left[\frac{d}{dx}(x^2) \right] y^2 + x^2 \left[\frac{d}{dx}(y^2) \right] + \left[3y^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(y) \right] \\ &= 4x^3 + (2x)y^2 + x^2 \left[2y \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(y) \right] + (3y^2y') \\ &= 4x^3 + 2xy^2 + 2x^2yy' + 3y^2y'\end{aligned}$$

Solve for y' .

$$y' = -\frac{4x^3 + 2xy^2}{2x^2y + 3y^2}$$